

PROGRAM BILL # 1

Legislative Bill Drafting Commission
12031-01-1

S. -----
Senate

IN SENATE--Introduced by Sen

--read twice and ordered printed,
and when printed to be committed
to the Committee on

----- A.
Assembly

IN ASSEMBLY--Introduced by M. of A.

with M. of A. as co-sponsors

--read once and referred to the
Committee on

REALP

(Relates to commercial eviction and
foreclosure protections, residential
eviction and foreclosure protections
and open meetings)

Evictions, foreclosures, meetings

AN ACT

to amend subpart A of part BB of
chapter 56 of the laws of 2021,
establishing a COVID-19 emergency
rental assistance program, in
relation to eligibility for the
COVID-19 emergency rental assistance
program (Part A); in relation to
eviction proceedings; and providing
for the repeal of certain provisions
upon the expiration thereof (Subpart
A); and in relation to foreclosure
proceedings; and providing for the

IN SENATE

Senate introducer's signature

The senators whose names are circled below wish to join me in the sponsorship
of this proposal:

s15 Addabbo	s17 Felder	s07 Kaplan	s58 O'Mara	s10 Sanders
s52 Akshar	s59 Gallivan	s26 Kavanagh	s62 Ortt	s23 Savino
s36 Bailey	s05 Gaughran	s63 Kennedy	s01 Palumbo	s32 Sepulveda
s30 Benjamin	s12 Gianaris	s28 Krueger	s21 Parker	s41 Serino
s34 Biaggi	s22 Gounardes	s24 Lanza	s19 Persaud	s29 Serrano
s57 Borrello	s47 Griffo	s11 Liu	s13 Ramos	s39 Skoufis
s04 Boyle	s40 Harkham	s50 Mannion	s61 Rath	s16 Stavisky
s44 Breslin	s54 Helming	s42 Martucci	s38 Reichlin-	s45 Stec
s25 Brisport	s46 Hinchey	s02 Mattera	Melnick	s35 Stewart-
s08 Brooks	s27 Hoylman	s53 May	s48 Ritchie	Cousins
s55 Brook	s31 Jackson	s37 Mayer	s33 Rivera	s49 Tedisco
s14 Comrie	s43 Jordan	s20 Myric	s60 Ryan	s06 Thomas
s56 Cooney	s09 Kaminsky	s51 Oberacker	s18 Salazar	s03 Weik

IN ASSEMBLY

Assembly introducer's signature

The Members of the Assembly whose names are circled below wish to join me in the
multi-sponsorship of this proposal:

a049 Abbate	a063 Cusick	a075 Gottfried	a020 Miller, M.	a121 Salka
a092 Abinanti	a045 Cymbrowitz	a021 Griffin	a051 Mitaynes	a111 Santabarbara
a031 Anderson	a018 Darling	a100 Gunther	a015 Montesano	a090 Sayegh
a122 Angelino	a053 Davila	a139 Hawley	a145 Morinello	a099 Schmitt
a107 Ashby	a072 De La Rosa	a083 Heastie	a065 Niou	a076 Seawright
a035 Aubry	a003 DeStefano	a028 Hevesi	a037 Nolan	a084 Septimo
a120 Barclay	a070 Dickens	a128 Hunter	a144 Norris	a016 Sillitti
a030 Barnwell	a054 Dilan	a029 Hyndman	a069 O'Donnell	a052 Simon
a106 Barrett	a081 Dinowitz	a079 Jackson	a091 Otis	a114 Simpson
a060 Barron	a147 DiPietro	a104 Jacobson	a132 Palmesano	a005 Smith
a082 Benedetto	a009 Durso	a011 Jean-Pierre	a088 Paulin	a118 Smullen
a042 Bichotte	a048 Eichenstein	a134 Jensen	a141 Peoples-	a022 Solages
Hermelyn	a004 Englebright	a115 Jones	Stokes	a110 Steck
a117 Blankenbush	a074 Epstein	a077 Joyner	a058 Perry	a010 Stern
a098 Brabenec	a109 Faby	a125 Kelles	a023 Pheffer	a127 Stirpe
a026 Braumstein	a061 Fall	a040 Kim	Amato	a102 Tague
a138 Bronson	a080 Fernandez	a105 Lalor	a086 Pichardo	a064 Tannousis
a012 Brown	a008 Fitzpatrick	a013 Lavine	a089 Pretlow	a071 Taylor
a093 Burdick	a057 Forrest	a097 Lawler	a073 Quart	a001 Thiele
a085 Burgos	a124 Friend	a126 Lemondes	a019 Ra	a033 Vanel
a142 Burke	a046 Frontus	a135 Lunsford	a038 Rajkumar	a116 Walczyk
a119 Buttenschon	a095 Galef	a123 Lupardo	a006 Ramos	a055 Walker
a094 Byrne	a050 Gallagher	a129 Magnarelli	a062 Reilly	a143 Wallace
a133 Byrnes	a131 Gallahan	a036 Mamdani	a087 Reyes	a112 Walsh
a103 Cahill	a007 Gandolfo	a130 Mankteiw	a043 Richardson	a041 Weinstein
a044 Carroll	a002 Giglio, J.A.	a108 McDonald	a078 Rivera, J.	a024 Weprin
a136 Clark	a148 Giglio, J.M.	a014 McDonough	a149 Rivera, J.D.	a059 Williams
a047 Colton	a066 Glick	a146 McMahon	a068 Rodriguez	a113 Woerner
a140 Conrad	a034 Gonzalez-	a137 Meeke	a027 Rosenthal, D.	a096 Zebrowski
a032 Cook	Rojas	a017 Mikulin	a067 Rosenthal, L.	a056 Zinerman
a039 Cruz	a150 Goodell	a101 Miller, B.	a025 Rozic	

1) Single House Bill (introduced and printed separately in either or
both houses). Uni-Bill (introduced simultaneously in both houses and printed
as one bill. Senate and Assembly introducer sign the same copy of the bill).

2) Circle names of co-sponsors and return to introduction clerk with 2
signed copies of bill and: in Assembly 2 copies of memorandum in support, in
Senate 4 copies of memorandum in support (single house); or 4 signed copies
of bill and 6 copies of memorandum in support (uni-bill).

repeal of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart B); in relation to tax sales; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart C); to establish hardship declarations for owners of commercial real property; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart D) (Part B); in relation to eviction proceedings; and to provide for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart A); in relation to foreclosure proceedings; and providing for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart B); in relation to tax sales; and providing for the expiration of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart C); and to establish hardship declarations for owners of residential real property; and providing for the expiration of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Subpart D) (Part C); in relation to extending the prohibition on the eviction of residential tenants who have suffered financial hardship during the COVID-19 covered period (Part D); and in relation to authorizing political subdivisions to permit any public body to hold meetings remotely and without in-person access during the COVID-19 state disaster emergency; and provides for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part E)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act enacts into law components of legislation relating
2 to commercial eviction and foreclosure protections, residential eviction
3 and foreclosure protections and open meetings. Each component is wholly
4 contained within a Part identified as Parts A through E. The effective
5 date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set
6 forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section
7 contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which
8 makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with
9 that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the
10 corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section four of
11 this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

12 § 2. Legislative intent. The legislature finds and declares all of the
13 following:

14 More than two million New Yorkers have been infected by the COVID-19
15 coronavirus, and the disease has killed more than 55,000 New Yorkers
16 since March 2020. Measures necessary to contain the pandemic have
17 brought about widespread economic and societal disruption. Millions of
18 residents have experienced financial hardship due to such measures,
19 which closed businesses and schools, and resulted in income losses
20 across the state.

21 The state has enacted a series of statutes that the legislature has
22 found necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general
23 welfare of the people of New York. These measures include the Tenant
24 Safe Harbor Act ("TSHA"), the COVID-19 Emergency Eviction and Foreclo-
25 sure Prevention Act ("CEEFPA"), and COVID-19 Emergency Protect Our Small
26 Businesses Act ("CEPOSBA").

27 Even as New York enters a phase of economic recovery, the need for
28 continued statutory protections and other emergency public health meas-

1 ures is demonstrated by rates of transmission in the state. Since early
2 July, cases have risen ten-fold, and 95 percent of the sequenced recent
3 positives in New York State were the Delta variant.

4 The evidence that residential eviction protections are effective
5 public health measures is especially strong. The CDC has repeatedly
6 found this to be so and has urged states to enact and keep residential
7 eviction moratoriums in place. A recent peer-reviewed study of state
8 eviction moratoriums found that "COVID-19 incidence and mortality
9 increased steadily in states after eviction moratoriums expired, and
10 were associated with doubling of COVID-19 incidence ... and a five-fold
11 increase in COVID-19 mortality ... 16 weeks after moratoriums lapsed."

12 In April 2021, the legislature passed the COVID-19 Emergency Rental
13 Assistance Program ("CERAP"), funded with \$2.6 billion for residential
14 rent and utility assistance. To date, technical and administrative chal-
15 lenges, low public awareness of the program, and the slow pace of imple-
16 mentation have hampered the program's effectiveness in covering the cost
17 of rent arrears and providing widespread eviction protections.

18 On August 12, 2021, in the case *Chrysafis v. Marks*, the U.S. Supreme
19 Court enjoined the enforcement of CEEFPA's residential eviction morato-
20 rium, finding that provisions that provided for a tenant to self-certify
21 financial hardship and delayed a landlord from contesting the certif-
22 ication violated constitutional rights to due process.

23 Stabilizing housing and small businesses continues to be to the mutual
24 benefit of all New Yorkers in that these steps will help the state
25 address the COVID-19 pandemic, protect public health, and foster a full
26 and equitable recovery. The legislature is especially cognizant of the
27 ongoing risks posed by residential evictions stemming from non-payment
28 of rent during the height of the public health emergency, and its recov-

1 ery period, such as the potential to exacerbate the resurgence of
2 COVID-19, the damage significant numbers of evictions would cause to the
3 state's economic recovery, and the deleterious social and public health
4 effects of homelessness and housing instability.

5 For all of the foregoing reasons it is necessary to modify the resi-
6 dential eviction moratorium to address the Supreme Court's due process
7 concern, and to extend and strengthen the protections in the law. In
8 addition, it is necessary to temporarily alter certain provisions of the
9 open meetings law to ensure that certain public bodies can hold meetings
10 and conduct business in a manner that balances public health and safety
11 precautions with the public's right to observe the proceedings.

12

PART A

13 Section 1. Subdivision 3 of section 3 of subpart A of part BB of chap-
14 ter 56 of the laws of 2021, establishing a COVID-19 emergency rental
15 assistance program, is amended to read as follows:

16 3. a. The commissioner shall develop and promulgate a form outlining
17 the obligations of each municipal corporation that chooses to partic-
18 ipate in the statewide program. Those municipal corporations who choose
19 to participate shall remit such form to the office of temporary and
20 disability assistance within 10 business days from the date of issuance.
21 At such time that the municipal corporation has affirmed their partic-
22 ipation, upon receipt of the completed form by the office of temporary
23 and disability assistance and the director of the budget, and the feder-
24 al department of the treasury, the municipal corporation shall remit
25 their allocation of funds to the state in such manner as determined by
26 the division of the budget. Provided, after the office has acknowledged

1 receipt of the completed form, residents of such [municipality] municipal
2 corporation shall be entitled to benefit from funds made available
3 for this purpose, subject to the continued availability of funds.

4 b. Residents of a municipal corporation that chooses not to partic-
5 ipate in the statewide program may submit an application to the state-
6 wide program if the municipal corporation has distributed or obligated
7 all of the municipal corporation's available federal emergency rental
8 assistance funds as certified by the chief elected official of the
9 municipal corporation and the resident is otherwise eligible for the
10 statewide program. Any municipal corporation that chooses not to
11 participate in the statewide program shall notify any applicant for
12 federal emergency rental assistance funds that is eligible for such
13 assistance but is denied due to lack of funds that such applicant may be
14 eligible to apply to the statewide program and shall provide such appli-
15 cant with information on how to apply to the statewide program. If the
16 chief elected official of a municipal corporation certifies that the
17 municipal corporation has distributed or obligated all of the municipal
18 corporation's available federal emergency rental assistance funds, the
19 municipal corporation shall provide information on its website informing
20 residents that they may be eligible to apply to the statewide program
21 and shall provide information on its website on how to apply for the
22 statewide program.

23 § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 6 of subpart A of part BB of chapter 56
24 of the laws of 2021, establishing a COVID-19 emergency rental assistance
25 program, is amended to read as follows:

26 1. As soon as practicable, the commissioner shall make an application
27 for the program available on the office of temporary and disability
28 assistance's website. The application shall be available online in

1 English, Spanish, Chinese, Russian, Korean, Yiddish, Haitian (French
2 Creole), Bengali, and, to the extent practicable, other commonly used
3 languages. The commissioner shall enable application assistance to be
4 offered via telephone to landlords and tenants and make accommodations
5 for those who are hearing or visually impaired, with referral to a
6 community based organization as deemed necessary.

7 § 3. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 6 of subpart A of part
8 BB of chapter 56 of the laws of 2021, establishing a COVID-19 emergency
9 rental assistance program, is amended to read as follows:

10 (b) Any documentation or information provided to the statewide appli-
11 cation, eligibility worker, hotline or community based organization, or
12 obtained in the course of administering the emergency rental assistance
13 program or any other assistance program shall be kept confidential and
14 shall only be used: (i) for the purposes of determining eligibility, for
15 program administration, avoiding duplication of assistance, and other
16 uses consistent with State and federal law; and (ii) by the New York
17 state office of court administration so a court may determine whether a
18 litigant in a proceeding has applied for or been granted assistance from
19 the emergency rental assistance program for the purposes of ensuring the
20 availability for the eviction protections provided by this part.

21 § 4. Section 8 of subpart A of part BB of chapter 56 of the laws of
22 2021, establishing a COVID-19 emergency rental assistance program, is
23 amended to read as follows:

24 § 8. Restrictions on eviction. [Eviction] Except as provided in
25 section nine-a of this act, eviction proceedings for a holdover or
26 expired lease, or non-payment of rent or utilities that would be eligi-
27 ble for coverage under this program shall not be commenced against a
28 household who has applied for this program or any local program adminis-

1 tering federal emergency rental assistance program funds unless or until
2 a determination of ineligibility is made. [If such eviction proceedings
3 are commenced] Except as provided in section nine-a of this act, in any
4 pending eviction proceeding, whether filed prior to, on, or after the
5 effective date of this act, against a household who has applied or
6 subsequently applies for benefits under this program or any local
7 program administering federal emergency rental assistance program funds
8 to cover all or part of the arrears claimed by the petitioner, all
9 proceedings shall be stayed pending a determination of eligibility.
10 Evidence of a payment received pursuant to this act or a local program
11 administering federal emergency rental assistance program funds may be
12 presented in such proceeding and create a presumption that the tenant's
13 or occupant's rent or utility obligation for the time period covered by
14 the payment has been fully satisfied.

15 § 5. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 of section 9 of subpart A of part
16 BB of chapter 56 of the laws of 2021, establishing a COVID-19 emergency
17 rental assistance program, is amended to read as follows:

18 (d) Acceptance of payment for rent or rental arrears from this program
19 or any local program administering federal emergency rental assistance
20 program funds shall constitute agreement by the recipient landlord or
21 property owner: (i) that the arrears covered by this payment are satis-
22 fied and will not be used as the basis for a non-payment eviction; (ii)
23 to waive any late fees due on any rental arrears paid pursuant to this
24 program; (iii) to not increase the monthly rent due for the dwelling
25 unit such that it shall not be greater than the amount that was due at
26 the time of application to the program for any and all months for which
27 rental assistance is received and for one year after the first rental
28 assistance payment is received; (iv) not to evict for reason of expired

1 lease or holdover tenancy any household on behalf of whom rental assist-
2 ance is received for 12 months after the first rental assistance payment
3 is received, unless the dwelling unit that is the subject of the lease
4 or rental agreement is located in a building that contains 4 or fewer
5 units, in which case the landlord may decline to extend the lease or
6 tenancy if the landlord intends to immediately occupy the unit for the
7 landlord's personal use as a primary residence or the use of an immedi-
8 ate family member as a primary residence; and (v) to notify the tenant
9 of the protections established under this subdivision. Provided, howev-
10 er, that provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to the extent that
11 it conflicts with any legally binding agreement the recipient landlord
12 or property owner entered into pursuant to a local program administering
13 federal emergency rental assistance program funds prior to the effective
14 date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-one that amended
15 this paragraph, or where the recipient landlord or property owner
16 accepted payment from such local program prior to the effective date of
17 the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-one that amended this
18 paragraph.

19 § 6. Subpart A of part BB of chapter 56 of the laws of 2021, estab-
20 lishing a COVID-19 emergency rental assistance program, is amended by
21 adding a new section 9-a to read as follows:

22 § 9-a. Expired lease or holdover tenant. Section eight of this act
23 shall not apply, and a landlord or property owner that has agreed not to
24 evict a household for reason of expired lease or holdover tenancy pursu-
25 ant to paragraph (d) of subdivision two of section nine of this act may
26 evict such household, if a tenant intentionally causes significant
27 damage to the property or is persistently and unreasonably engaging in
28 behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other

1 tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others,
2 provided:

3 1. If an eviction proceeding is not pending on the effective date of
4 this section, the petitioner shall file an affidavit under penalty of
5 perjury with the petition attesting that the respondent intentionally
6 caused significant damage to the property or is persistently and unrea-
7 sonably engaging in such behavior, with a specific description of the
8 behavior alleged.

9 2. If an eviction proceeding is pending on the effective date of this
10 section, but the petitioner has not previously alleged that the tenant
11 intentionally caused significant damage to the property or persistently
12 and unreasonably engaged in such behavior, the petitioner shall be
13 required to submit a new petition with such allegations and comply with
14 all notice and service requirements under article 7 of the real property
15 actions and proceedings law.

16 3. If the court has awarded a judgment against a respondent prior to
17 the effective date of this section on the basis of objectionable or
18 nuisance behavior, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether
19 the tenant is continuing to intentionally cause significant damage to
20 the property or persist in engaging in unreasonable behavior that
21 substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or
22 occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others.

23 4. For the purposes of this section, a mere allegation of the behavior
24 by the petitioner or an agent of the petitioner alleging such behavior
25 shall not be sufficient evidence to establish that the tenant has
26 engaged in such behavior.

27 5. If the petitioner fails to establish that the tenant intentionally
28 caused significant damage to the property or persistently and unreason-

1 ably engaged in such behavior: (i) if the household's application is
2 still pending, the court shall stay or continue to stay any further
3 proceedings pending a determination of eligibility pursuant to section
4 eight of this act; or (ii) if the landlord has accepted payment of
5 rental arrears and agreed not to evict the tenant pursuant to paragraph
6 (d) of subdivision two of section nine of this act, the court shall
7 dismiss the proceeding with prejudice.

8 6. If the petitioner establishes that the tenant intentionally caused
9 significant damage to the property or persistently and unreasonably
10 engaged in such behavior, the proceeding may continue pursuant to arti-
11 cle 7 of the real property actions and proceedings law.

12 § 7. Section 11 of subpart A of part BB of chapter 56 of the laws of
13 2021, establishing a COVID-19 emergency rental assistance program, is
14 amended to read as follows:

15 § 11. Notice to tenants in eviction proceedings. In any eviction
16 proceeding pending as of the effective date of this article and any
17 eviction proceeding filed while applications are being accepted for
18 assistance pursuant to this article or pursuant to a local program
19 administering federal emergency rental assistance program funds in the
20 jurisdiction of the court, the court shall promptly make available to
21 the respondent information regarding how the respondent may apply for
22 such assistance in English, and, to the extent practicable, in the
23 respondent's primary language, if other than English.

24 § 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

1 Section 1. This Part enacts into law components of legislation relat-
2 ing to commercial eviction and foreclosure protections. Each component
3 is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through D.
4 The effective date for each particular provision contained within such
5 Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision
6 in any section contained within a Subpart, including the effective date
7 of the Subpart, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when
8 used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to
9 mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it
10 is found. Section three of this Part sets forth the general effective
11 date of this Part.

12

SUBPART A

13 Section 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this act: 1. "Eviction
14 proceeding" means a summary proceeding to recover possession of real
15 property under article seven of the real property actions and
16 proceedings law relating to a commercial unit or any other judicial or
17 administrative proceeding to recover possession of real property relat-
18 ing to a commercial unit.

19 2. "Landlord" includes a landlord, owner of a commercial property and
20 any other person with a legal right to pursue eviction, possessory
21 action or a money judgment for rent, including arrears, owed or that
22 becomes due during the COVID-19 covered period, as defined in section 1
23 of chapter 127 of the laws of 2020.

24 3. "Tenant" includes a commercial tenant that is a resident of the
25 state, independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field and
26 employs one hundred or fewer persons.

1 4. "Hardship declaration" means a. a hardship declaration filed pursu-
2 ant to chapters 73, 104 or 154 of the laws of 2021, so long as the busi-
3 ness meets the definition of tenant in subdivision three of this
4 section, or b. the following statement, or a substantially equivalent
5 statement in the language in which the commercial lease or tenancy
6 agreement was written or negotiated, in 14-point type, published by the
7 office of court administration, whether in physical or electronic writ-
8 ten form:

9 "NOTICE TO COMMERCIAL TENANT: If you have lost significant revenue or
10 had significantly increased necessary costs during the COVID-19 pandem-
11 ic, and you sign and deliver this hardship declaration form to your
12 landlord, you may be protected from eviction until at least January 15,
13 2022 for nonpayment of rent or for holding over after the expiration of
14 your lease. If your landlord files an eviction against you and you
15 provide this form to the landlord or the court, the eviction proceedings
16 will be postponed until January 15, 2022 unless your landlord moves to
17 challenge your declaration of hardship. If the court finds your hardship
18 claim valid, the eviction proceedings will be postponed until after
19 January 15, 2022. While the eviction proceedings are postponed, you may
20 remain in possession of your unit. You may still be evicted for violat-
21 ing your lease by intentionally causing significant damage to the prop-
22 erty or persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substan-
23 tially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants
24 or causes a substantial safety hazard to others.

25 If your landlord has provided you with this form, your landlord must
26 also provide you with a mailing address and e-mail address to which you
27 can return this form. If your landlord has already started an eviction
28 proceeding against you, you can return this form to either your land-

1 lord, the court, or both at any time. You should keep a copy or picture
2 of the signed form for your records. You will still owe any unpaid rent
3 to your landlord. To the extent you can pay less than the full rent, it
4 is recommended you do so and keep careful track of what you have paid
5 and any amount you still owe.

6 COMMERCIAL TENANT'S DECLARATION OF HARDSHIP DURING THE

7 COVID-19 PANDEMIC

8 I am the owner, chief executive officer, president, or similar officer
9 of (name of business), in which is a commercial tenant at (address of
10 commercial unit). My business is resident in New York state, independ-
11 ently owned and operated, not dominant in its field, and employs one
12 hundred or fewer persons. My business is experiencing financial hard-
13 ship, and is unable to pay the rent in full or other financial obli-
14 gations under the lease in full or obtain an alternative suitable
15 commercial property because of one or more of the following:

16 (i) Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic.

17 (ii) Significant increase in necessary expenses related to providing
18 personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing and installing
19 other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of COVID-19 with-
20 in the business.

21 (iii) Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative
22 commercial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to
23 another location during the COVID-19 pandemic.

24 To the extent the business has lost revenue or had increased expenses,
25 any public assistance the business has received since the start of the
26 COVID-19 pandemic must not fully make up for the business's loss of

1 revenue or increased expenses, and the business still meets the afore-
2 mentioned eligibility criteria to qualify for a financial hardship.

3 I understand that the business must comply with all other lawful terms
4 under its commercial tenancy, lease agreement or similar contract. I
5 further understand that lawful fees, penalties or interest for not
6 having paid rent in full or met other financial obligations as required
7 by the commercial tenancy, lease agreement or similar contract may still
8 be charged or collected and may result in a monetary judgment. I
9 further understand that the landlord may request a hearing to challenge
10 the certification of hardship made herein, and that I will have the
11 opportunity to participate in any proceedings regarding the tenancy. I
12 further understand that the landlord may be able to seek eviction after
13 January 15, 2022, and that the law may provide certain protections at
14 that time that are separate from those available through this declara-
15 tion. I understand that I may be eligible to receive financial assist-
16 ance from the State of New York under the Pandemic Small Business Recov-
17 ery Grant Program or similar relief program, and that I may visit
18 <https://esd.ny.gov/business-pandemic-recovery-initiative> to receive
19 additional information or call 877-721-0097 for assistance.

20 Signed:

21 Printed name:

22 Date signed:

23 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
24 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
25 you know is false."

1 5. "Hardship" means a business is unable to pay the rent in full
2 or other financial obligations under the lease in full or obtain an
3 alternative suitable commercial property because of one or more of the
4 following reasons and any public assistance the business has received
5 since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic has not fully made up
6 for the business's loss of revenue or increased expenses:

7 a. Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic; or

8 b. Significant increase in necessary expenses related to providing
9 personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing and installing
10 other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of COVID-19 with-
11 in the business; or

12 c. Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative commer-
13 cial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to another
14 location during the COVID-19 pandemic.

15 § 2. No commercial tenant shall be removed from the possession prior
16 to January 15, 2022, except by an eviction proceeding.

17 § 3. Pre-eviction notices. A landlord shall include a "Hardship Decla-
18 ration" with every written notice required by the commercial lease or
19 tenancy agreement, law or rule to be provided prior to the commencement
20 of an eviction proceeding, and with every notice of petition or summons
21 and complaint served on a tenant. Such notice shall also include a
22 mailing address, telephone number and active email address the tenant
23 can use to contact the landlord and return the hardship declaration.

24 § 4. Required affidavit. 1. No court shall accept for filing any peti-
25 tion or other filing to commence an eviction proceeding unless the peti-
26 tioner or plaintiff or an agent of the petitioner or plaintiff files an
27 affidavit of service, under penalty of perjury, demonstrating the manner
28 in which the petitioner or plaintiff or the petitioner's or plaintiff's

1 agent served a copy of the hardship declaration in English and the
2 language in which the commercial lease or tenancy agreement was written
3 or negotiated, if other than English, with any written notice required
4 by the commercial lease or tenancy agreement, law or rule to be provided
5 prior to the commencement of an eviction proceeding, and an affidavit
6 under penalty of perjury:

7 a. attesting that, at the time of filing, neither the petitioner or
8 plaintiff nor any agent of the petitioner or plaintiff has received a
9 hardship declaration from the respondent, or

10 b. attesting that the respondent or defendant has returned a hardship
11 declaration, but the respondent or defendant is intentionally causing
12 significant damage to the property or persistently and unreasonably
13 engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoy-
14 ment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard
15 to others, with a specific description of the behavior alleged, or

16 c. attesting that the respondent or defendant has returned a hardship
17 declaration, but the petitioner or plaintiff believes in good faith that
18 the hardship certified in the hardship declaration does not exist.

19 2. Upon accepting a petition or complaint, the attorney, judge or
20 clerk of the court, as the case may be, shall determine whether a copy
21 of the hardship declaration in English and the language in which the
22 commercial lease or tenancy agreement was written or negotiated, if
23 other than English, and a copy of any affidavit filed pursuant to subdivi-
24 sion 1 of this section is annexed to the served notice of petition or
25 summons and complaint and, if not, shall ensure that a copy of the hard-
26 ship declaration and any such affidavit is attached to such notice or
27 summons. If the petitioner submits an affidavit pursuant to paragraph c
28 of subdivision 1 of this section, the following notice, in at least

1 fourteen-point type, shall also be annexed as a cover page to the notice
2 of petition or summons:

3 "NOTICE TO TENANT: THIS IS A PETITION TO COMMENCE AN EVICTION PROCEED-
4 ING AGAINST YOU, BUT THE PROCEEDING WILL NOT CONTINUE UNTIL AT LEAST
5 JANUARY 15, 2022, UNLESS YOUR LANDLORD MOVES TO CHALLENGE YOUR CLAIM OF
6 AN EXEMPTION FROM EVICTION IN YOUR HARDSHIP DECLARATION FORM.

7 IF YOUR LANDLORD MOVES TO CHALLENGE YOUR HARDSHIP CLAIM, YOU ARE ENTI-
8 TLED TO A HEARING. IF THE COURT RULES YOUR HARDSHIP CLAIM INVALID AFTER
9 THE HEARING, THE LAWSUIT MAY PROCEED TOWARD POSSIBLE EVICTION, BUT
10 UNLESS AND UNTIL THE COURT ISSUES AN EVICTION WARRANT AGAINST YOU, YOU
11 ARE ENTITLED TO REMAIN IN POSSESSION OF YOUR UNIT."

12 At the earliest possible opportunity, the court shall seek confirma-
13 tion on the record or in writing from the respondent or defendant that
14 the respondent or defendant has received the hardship declaration and
15 whether the respondent or defendant has submitted a hardship declaration
16 to the petitioner or plaintiff, an agent of the petitioner or plaintiff,
17 or the court. If the court determines a respondent or defendant has not
18 received a hardship declaration, then the court shall stay the proceed-
19 ing for a reasonable period of time, which shall be no less than ten
20 business days or any longer period provided by law, and provide the
21 respondent or defendant with a copy of the hardship declaration in
22 English and, to the extent practicable, the language in which the
23 commercial lease or tenancy agreement was written or negotiated, if
24 other than English, to ensure the respondent or defendant received and
25 fully considered whether to submit the hardship declaration.

26 § 5. Pending proceedings. In any eviction proceeding in which an
27 eviction warrant or judgment of possession or ejectment has not been
28 issued, including eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020,

1 if the tenant provides a hardship declaration to the petitioner or
2 plaintiff, the court, or an agent of the petitioner or plaintiff or the
3 court, the eviction proceeding shall be stayed until at least January
4 15, 2022. If such hardship declaration is provided to the petitioner or
5 plaintiff or agent, such petitioner or plaintiff or agent shall promptly
6 file it with the court, advising the court in writing the index number
7 of all relevant cases.

8 § 6. Post warrant of eviction. 1. a. In any eviction proceeding in
9 which an eviction warrant or judgment of possession or ejectment has
10 been issued prior to the effective date of this act, but has not yet
11 been executed as of the effective date of this act, including eviction
12 proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020, the court shall stay the
13 execution of the warrant or judgment at least until the court has held a
14 status conference with the parties. b. In any eviction proceeding, if
15 the tenant provides a hardship declaration to the petitioner or plain-
16 tiff, the court, or an agent of the petitioner or plaintiff or the
17 court, prior to the execution of the warrant or judgment, the execution
18 shall be stayed until at least January 15, 2022. If such hardship decla-
19 ration is provided to the petitioner or plaintiff or agent of the peti-
20 tioner or plaintiff, such petitioner or plaintiff or agent shall prompt-
21 ly file it with the court, advising the court in writing the index
22 number of all relevant cases.

23 2. In any eviction proceeding in which a warrant or execution has been
24 issued, including eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020,
25 any warrant or execution issued shall not be effective as against the
26 occupants, unless, in addition to other requirements under law, such
27 warrant or execution states:

1 a. The tenant has not submitted the hardship declaration and the
2 tenant was properly served with a copy of the hardship declaration
3 pursuant to this section, listing dates the tenant was served with the
4 hardship declaration by the petitioner or plaintiff and the court; or

5 b. The tenant is ineligible for a stay under this act because the
6 court has found the tenant's hardship claim invalid, or that the tenant
7 intentionally caused significant damage to the property, or the tenant
8 is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substantially
9 infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or
10 causes a substantial safety hazard to others, with a specific
11 description of the behavior.

12 3. No court shall issue a warrant or execution directed to the sheriff
13 of the county or to any constable or marshal of the city in which the
14 property, or a portion thereof, is situated, or, if it is not situated
15 in a city, to any constable of any town in the county, that does not
16 comply with the requirements of this section.

17 4. No officer to whom the warrant or execution is directed shall
18 execute a warrant for eviction issued that does not comply with the
19 requirements of this section.

20 5. Unless the warrant or execution contains the information contained
21 in paragraph b of subdivision 2 of this section, if any tenant delivers
22 the hardship declaration to the officer to whom the warrant or execution
23 is directed, the officer shall not execute the warrant or execution and
24 shall return the hardship form to the court indicating the appropriate
25 index/case number the form is associated with.

26 § 7. Section five and paragraph b of subdivision 1 of section six of
27 this act shall not apply if the tenant: 1. intentionally caused signif-
28 icant damage to the property; or

1 2. is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substan-
2 tially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants
3 or causes a substantial safety hazard to others, provided:

4 a. If an eviction proceeding is pending on the effective date of this
5 act, but the petitioner or plaintiff has not previously alleged that the
6 tenant intentionally caused a significant damage to the property or
7 persistently and unreasonably engaged in such behavior, the petitioner
8 or plaintiff shall be required to submit a new petition or an amended
9 complaint with such allegations and comply with all notice and service
10 requirements under law.

11 b. (i) If the court has awarded a judgment against a respondent or
12 defendant prior to the effective date of this act on the basis of objec-
13 tionable or nuisance behavior and the petitioner or plaintiff is alleg-
14 ing the tenant caused significant damage to the property, the court
15 shall hold a hearing to determine whether the tenant is continuing to
16 intentionally cause significant damage to the property.

17 (ii) If the court has awarded a judgment against a respondent or
18 defendant prior to the effective date of chapter 73 of the laws of 2021
19 on the basis of objectionable or nuisance behavior and the petitioner or
20 plaintiff is alleging the tenant is persistently engaging in unreason-
21 able behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of
22 other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to
23 others, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether the tenant
24 is continuing to persist in engaging in unreasonable behavior that
25 substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or
26 occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others.

27 c. For the purposes of this act, a mere allegation of the behavior by
28 the petitioner or plaintiff or an agent of the petitioner or plaintiff

1 alleging such behavior shall not be sufficient evidence to establish
2 that the tenant has engaged in such behavior.

3 d. If the petitioner or plaintiff establishes that the tenant inten-
4 tionally caused significant damage to the property, persistently and
5 unreasonably engaged in such behavior, or the tenant fails to provide a
6 hardship declaration to the petitioner or plaintiff, petitioner's or
7 plaintiff's agent or the court, the proceeding may continue pursuant to
8 law.

9 § 8. Translation of hardship declaration. The office of court adminis-
10 tration shall translate the hardship declaration, as defined in section
11 one of this act, into Spanish and, to the extent practicable, the six
12 most common languages in the city of New York, after Spanish, and shall
13 post and maintain such translations and an English language copy of the
14 hardship declaration on the website of such office beginning within
15 fifteen days of the effective date of this act. To the extent practica-
16 ble, the office of court administration shall post and maintain on its
17 website translations into such additional languages as the chief admin-
18 istrative judge shall deem appropriate to ensure that tenants have an
19 opportunity to understand and submit hardship declarations pursuant to
20 this act.

21 § 9. Rebuttable presumption. Unless a court determines a tenant's
22 hardship claim invalid pursuant to section ten of this act, a hardship
23 declaration shall create a rebuttable presumption that the tenant is
24 experiencing financial hardship, in any judicial or administrative
25 proceeding that may be brought, for the purposes of establishing a
26 defense under an executive order of the governor or any other local or
27 state law, order or regulation restricting the eviction of a tenant
28 suffering from a financial hardship during or due to COVID-19 provided

1 that the absence of a hardship declaration shall not create a presump-
2 tion that a financial hardship is not present.

3 § 10. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a stay
4 under this part shall be granted or continued unless the court finds the
5 respondent's or defendant's hardship claim invalid. A motion may be
6 made by the petitioner or plaintiff, attesting a good faith belief that
7 the respondent or defendant has not experienced a hardship, with notice
8 to the respondent or defendant, and the court shall grant a hearing to
9 determine whether to find the respondent's or defendant's hardship claim
10 invalid.

11 2. After any hearing, if the court finds the respondent's or the
12 defendant's hardship claim valid, the court shall grant a stay or
13 continue a stay pursuant to this act.

14 3. After a hearing, if the court finds the respondent's or the defend-
15 ant's hardship claim invalid, the proceedings shall continue to a deter-
16 mination on the merits.

17 § 11. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one, two,
18 three, four, five, six, seven, eight and ten of this act shall expire
19 and be deemed repealed January 15, 2022.

20

SUBPART B

21 Section 1. Application. This section shall apply to any action to
22 foreclose a mortgage relating to commercial real property, provided the
23 owner or mortgagor of such property owns ten or fewer commercial units
24 whether directly or indirectly and is a business that is resident in New
25 York State, independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field,
26 and employs one hundred or fewer persons. The ten or fewer commercial

1 units may be in more than one property or building as long as the total
2 aggregate number of ten units are currently occupied by a tenant or are
3 available for rent.

4 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, this act shall not apply to,
5 and does not affect any mortgage loans made, insured, purchased or secu-
6 ritized by a corporate governmental agency of the state constituted as a
7 political subdivision and public benefit corporation, or the rights and
8 obligations of any lender, issuer, servicer or trustee of such obli-
9 gations.

10 § 2. Definitions. 1. For the purposes of this act, "Hardship Declara-
11 tion" means a. a hardship declaration filed pursuant to chapters 73, 104
12 or 154 of the laws of 2021, or b. the following statement in 14-point
13 type, published by the office of court administration, whether in phys-
14 ical or electronic written form:

15 "NOTICE TO COMMERCIAL MORTGAGOR: If you have lost significant revenue
16 or had significantly increased necessary costs during the COVID-19
17 pandemic, and you sign and deliver this hardship declaration form to
18 your mortgage lender or other foreclosing party, you may be protected
19 from foreclosure until at least January 15, 2022. If a foreclosure
20 action is filed against you and you provide this form to the plaintiff
21 or the court, the action will be postponed until January 15, 2022 unless
22 the plaintiff moves to challenge your declaration of hardship. If the
23 court finds your hardship claim valid, the foreclosure action will be
24 postponed until after January 15, 2022. While the action is postponed,
25 you may remain in possession.

26 If your mortgage lender or other foreclosing party provided you with
27 this form, the mortgage lender or other foreclosing party must also
28 provide you with a mailing address and e-mail address to which you can

1 return this form. If you are already in foreclosure proceedings, you may
2 return this form to the court. You should keep a copy or picture of the
3 signed form for your records. You will still owe any unpaid mortgage
4 payments and lawful fees to your lender. You should also keep careful
5 track of what you have paid and any amount you still owe.

6 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGOR'S DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP

7 I am the owner, chief executive officer, president, or similar officer
8 of (name of the business), which is the mortgagor of the property at
9 (address of commercial unit). My business owns, whether directly or
10 indirectly, ten or fewer commercial units. My business is resident in
11 New York State, independently owned and operated, not dominant in its
12 field, and employs one hundred or fewer persons. My business is experi-
13 encing financial hardship and is unable to pay the mortgage in full
14 because of one or more of the following:

15 (i) Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic.

16 (ii) Significant increase in necessary expenses related to providing
17 personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing and installing
18 other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of COVID-19 with-
19 in the business.

20 (iii) Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative
21 commercial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to
22 another property during the COVID-19 pandemic.

23 (iv) One or more of the business's tenants has defaulted on a signif-
24 icant amount of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

25 To the extent that the business has lost revenue or had increased
26 expenses, any public assistance the business has received since the
27 start of the COVID-19 pandemic does not fully make up for the business's
28 loss of revenue or increased expenses.

1 I understand that the business must comply with all other lawful terms
2 under my commercial mortgage agreement. I further understand that lawful
3 fees, penalties or interest for not having paid the mortgage in full as
4 required by the commercial mortgage agreement may still be charged or
5 collected and may result in a monetary judgment. I further understand
6 that the mortgage lender or other foreclosing party may request a hear-
7 ing to challenge the certification of hardship made herein, and that I
8 will have the opportunity to participate in any actions or proceedings
9 regarding the mortgage interest. I also understand that the mortgage
10 lender or other foreclosing party may pursue a foreclosure action
11 against the business on or after January 15, 2022, if I do not fully
12 repay any missed or partial payments and lawful fees. I understand that
13 I may be eligible to receive financial assistance from the State of New
14 York under the Pandemic Small Business Recovery Grant Program or similar
15 relief program, and that I may visit [https://esd.ny.gov/business-](https://esd.ny.gov/business-pandemic-recovery-initiative)
16 [pandemic-recovery-initiative](https://esd.ny.gov/business-pandemic-recovery-initiative) to receive additional information or call
17 877-721-0097 for assistance.

18 Signed:

19 Printed Name:

20 Date Signed:

21 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
22 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
23 you know is false."

24 2. "Hardship" means a business is unable to pay the mortgage in full
25 because of one or more of the following reasons and any public assist-
26 ance the business has received since the start of the COVID-19 pandem-
27 ic does not fully make up for the business's loss of revenue or
28 increased expenses:

- 1 a. Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic; or
- 2 b. Significant increase in necessary expenses related to providing
- 3 personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing and installing
- 4 other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of COVID-19 with-
- 5 in the business; or
- 6 c. Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative commer-
- 7 cial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to another
- 8 property during the COVID-19 pandemic; or
- 9 d. One or more of the business's tenants has defaulted on a signif-
- 10 icant amount of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

11 § 3. The foreclosing party shall include a "Hardship Declaration" with

12 every notice required provided to a mortgagor prior to filing an action

13 for foreclosure. Such notice shall also include a mailing address, tele-

14 phone number and active email address the mortgagor can use to contact

15 the foreclosing party and return the hardship declaration.

16 § 4. No court shall accept for filing any action to foreclose a mort-

17 gage unless the foreclosing party or an agent of the foreclosing party

18 files an affidavit, under penalty of perjury:

19 1. of service demonstrating the manner in which the foreclosing

20 party's agent served a copy of the hardship declaration with required

21 notices, if any, provided to the mortgagor, and

22 2. a. attesting that, at the time of filing, neither the foreclosing

23 party nor any agent of the foreclosing party has received a hardship

24 declaration from the mortgagor; or

25 b. attesting that at the time of filing, the foreclosing party or an

26 agent of the foreclosing party has received a hardship declaration from

27 the mortgagor, but the foreclosing party believes in good faith that the

28 hardship certified in the hardship declaration does not exist.

1 At the earliest possible opportunity, the court shall seek confirma-
2 tion on the record or in writing that the mortgagor has received a copy
3 of the hardship declaration and whether the mortgagor has returned the
4 hardship declaration to the foreclosing party or an agent of the fore-
5 closing party. If the court determines a mortgagor has not received a
6 hardship declaration, then the court shall stay the proceeding for a
7 reasonable period of time, which shall be no less than ten business days
8 or any longer period provided by law, to ensure the mortgagor received
9 and fully considered whether to submit the hardship declaration.

10 § 5. In any action to foreclose a mortgage in which a judgment of sale
11 has not been issued, including actions filed on or before March 7, 2020,
12 if the mortgagor provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing
13 party, the court, or an agent of the foreclosing party or the court, the
14 proceeding shall be stayed until at least January 15, 2022. If such
15 hardship declaration is provided to the foreclosing party or agent of
16 the foreclosing party, such foreclosing party or agent shall promptly
17 file it with the court, advising the court in writing the index number
18 of all relevant cases.

19 § 6. In any action to foreclose a mortgage in which a judgment of sale
20 has been issued prior to the effective date of this act but has not yet
21 been executed as of the effective date of this act, including actions
22 filed on or before March 7, 2020, the court shall stay the execution of
23 the judgment at least until the court has held a status conference with
24 the parties. In any action to foreclose a mortgage, if the mortgagor
25 provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing party, the court, or
26 an agent of the foreclosing party or the court, prior to the execution
27 of the judgment, the execution shall be stayed until at least January
28 15, 2022. If such hardship declaration is provided to the foreclosing

1 party or agent of the foreclosing party, such foreclosing party or agent
2 shall promptly file it with the court, advising the court in writing the
3 index number of all relevant cases.

4 § 7. The office of court administration shall post and maintain a copy
5 of the hardship declaration on the website of such office beginning
6 within fifteen days of the effective date of this act.

7 § 8. Unless a court determines a mortgagor's hardship claim invalid
8 pursuant to section nine of this act, a hardship declaration shall
9 create a rebuttable presumption that the mortgagor is suffering finan-
10 cial hardship, in any judicial or administrative proceeding that may be
11 brought, for the purposes of establishing a defense under an executive
12 order of the governor or any other local or state law, order or regu-
13 lation restricting actions to foreclose a mortgage against a mortgagor
14 suffering from a financial hardship during or due to the COVID-19
15 pandemic provided that the absence of a hardship declaration shall not
16 create a presumption that a financial hardship is not present.

17 § 9. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a stay under
18 this part shall be granted or continued unless the court finds the
19 defendant's hardship claim invalid. A motion may be made by the plain-
20 tiff, attesting a good faith belief that the defendant has not experi-
21 enced a hardship, with notice to the defendant, and the court shall
22 grant a hearing to determine whether to find the defendant's hardship
23 claim invalid.

24 2. After any hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship
25 claim valid, the court shall grant or continue a stay pursuant to this
26 act.

27 3. After a hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship claim
28 invalid, the action shall continue to a determination on the merits.

1 § 10. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one, two,
2 three, four, five, six, seven and nine of this act shall expire and be
3 deemed repealed January 15, 2022.

4 SUBPART C

5 Section 1. Application. This act shall apply to any action to fore-
6 close on delinquent taxes or sell a tax lien relating to commercial real
7 property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property owns ten or
8 fewer commercial units whether directly or indirectly and is a business
9 that is resident in New York State, independently owned and operated,
10 not dominant in its field, and employs one hundred or fewer persons. The
11 ten or fewer commercial units may be in more than one property or build-
12 ing as long as the units are currently occupied by a tenant or are
13 available for rent.

14 § 2. Definitions. For purposes of this act: 1. "Tax lien" means an
15 unpaid tax, special ad valorem levy, special assessment or other charge
16 imposed upon real property by or on behalf of a municipal corporation or
17 special district or other public or private entity which is an encum-
18 brance on real property, whether or not evidenced by a written instru-
19 ment.

20 2. "Tax foreclosure and tax lien sale" shall mean any such tax lien
21 sale or tax foreclosure pursuant to article 11 of the real property tax
22 law, or any general, special or local law related to real property tax
23 lien sales or real property tax foreclosures.

24 3. "Hardship Declaration" means a. a hardship declaration filed pursu-
25 ant to chapters 73, 104 or 154 of the laws of 2021, or b. the following

1 statement in 14-point type, whether in physical or electronic written
2 form:

3 "COMMERCIAL OWNER DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP

4 I am the owner, chief executive officer, president, or similar officer
5 of (name of the business), which is the owner of the commercial property
6 at (address). My business owns, whether directly or indirectly, ten or
7 fewer commercial units. My business is resident in New York State,
8 independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field, and employs
9 one hundred or fewer persons. My business is experiencing financial
10 hardship, and is unable to pay its full tax bill because of one or more
11 of the following:

12 (i) Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic.

13 (ii) Significant increase in necessary expenses related to providing
14 personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing and installing
15 other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of COVID-19 with-
16 in the business.

17 (iii) Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative
18 commercial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to
19 another property during the COVID-19 pandemic.

20 (iv) One or more of the business's tenants has defaulted on a signif-
21 icant amount of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

22 To the extent that the business has lost revenue or had increased
23 expenses, any public assistance that the business has received since the
24 start of the COVID-19 pandemic must not fully make up for the loss of
25 revenue or increased expenses, and the business still meets the afore-
26 mentioned eligibility criteria to qualify for a financial hardship.

27 I understand that lawful fees, penalties or interest for not having
28 paid the business's taxes in full may still be charged or collected and

1 may result in a foreclosure action against the business on or after
2 January 15, 2022, if the business does not fully repay any missed or
3 partial payments and fees.

4 Signed:

5 Printed Name:

6 Date Signed:

7 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
8 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
9 you know is false."

10 4. "Hardship" means a business is unable to pay the full tax bill
11 because of one or more of the following reasons and any public assist-
12 ance the business has received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic
13 does not fully make up for the business's loss of revenue or increased
14 expenses:

15 a. Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic; or

16 b. Significant increase in necessary expenses related to providing
17 personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing and installing
18 other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of COVID-19 with-
19 in the business; or

20 c. Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative commer-
21 cial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to another
22 property during the COVID-19 pandemic; or

23 d. One or more of the business's tenants has defaulted on a signif-
24 icant amount of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

25 § 3. 1. A commercial real property owner may submit a "Hardship Decla-
26 ration" to any village, town, city, school district, county, or other
27 entity or person which conducts tax foreclosures or tax lien sales.

1 2. At least thirty days prior to the date on which a sale of a tax
2 lien is scheduled to occur, or upon the filing of a petition of foreclo-
3 sure of a tax lien, the enforcing officer or other person or entity
4 conducting such tax lien sale or tax foreclosure shall notify the owner
5 of the affected property of such owner's rights under this act and shall
6 notify the owner that a copy of the hardship declaration can be accessed
7 on the New York State Department of Tax and Finance's website and also
8 provide a link to such declaration form. For the purposes of this act,
9 "enforcing officer" shall have the same meaning as defined in subdivi-
10 sion 3 of section 1102 of the real property tax law. The New York State
11 Department of Tax and Finance shall publish a copy of the hardship
12 declaration on its website.

13 3. The submission of such a declaration, unless withdrawn by the
14 owner, shall act as a temporary stay applicable to all entities and
15 persons of all such tax lien sales and tax foreclosure actions and
16 proceedings against such owner for such property that have been
17 commenced or could have been commenced before January 15, 2022.

18 4. While such stay is in effect, no other action or proceeding shall
19 be commenced to recover any part of such delinquent taxes.

20 5. Any applicable statutes of limitation for the commencement of any
21 action or proceeding to sell a tax lien or foreclose a tax lien is
22 tolled until such stay has expired. The obligation to pay the balance of
23 such delinquent taxes is not rendered invalid, released or extinguished
24 by such stay.

25 6. Unless a court determines an owner's hardship claim invalid pursu-
26 ant to subdivision seven of this section, a hardship declaration shall
27 create a rebuttable presumption that the owner is experiencing financial
28 hardship, in any judicial or administrative proceeding that may be

1 brought, for the purposes of establishing a defense under an executive
2 order of the governor or any other local or state law, order or regu-
3 lation restricting actions to sell a tax lien or foreclose a tax lien
4 against an owner suffering from a financial hardship during or due to
5 the COVID-19 pandemic, provided that the absence of a hardship decla-
6 ration shall not create a presumption that a financial hardship is not
7 present.

8 7. a. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a stay under
9 this part shall be granted or continued unless the court finds the
10 defendant's hardship claim invalid. A motion may be made by the plain-
11 tiff, if the plaintiff is not a governmental entity, attesting a good
12 faith belief that the defendant has not experienced a hardship, with
13 notice to the defendant, and the court shall grant a hearing to deter-
14 mine whether to find the defendant's hardship claim invalid.

15 b. After any hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship
16 claim valid, the court shall grant a stay or continue a stay pursuant to
17 this act.

18 c. After a hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship claim
19 invalid, the action shall continue to a determination on the merits.

20 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one and two
21 and subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 of section three of this act shall
22 expire and be deemed repealed January 15, 2022.

23

SUBPART D

24 Section 1. Application. 1. This act shall apply to an owner of commer-
25 cial real property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property
26 owns ten or fewer commercial units whether directly or indirectly and is

1 a business that is resident in New York State, independently owned and
2 operated, not dominant in its field, and employs one hundred or fewer
3 persons. The ten or fewer commercial units may be in more than one prop-
4 erty or building as long as the total aggregate number of ten units are
5 currently occupied by a tenant or are available for rent.

6 2. Hardship declaration. For purposes of this act, "hardship declara-
7 tion" shall mean a. a hardship declaration filed pursuant to chapters
8 73, 104 or 154 of the laws of 2021; or b. the following statement in
9 14-point type, whether in physical or electronic written form, and the
10 department of financial services shall publish a copy of the hardship
11 declaration on its website:

12 "NOTICE TO COMMERCIAL OWNER/MORTGAGOR: If you have lost significant
13 revenue or had significantly increased necessary costs due to the
14 COVID-19 pandemic, and you sign and deliver this hardship declaration
15 form to your lending institution, you cannot be discriminated against in
16 the determination of whether credit should be extended or reported nega-
17 tively to a credit reporting agency until at least January 15, 2022.

18 If a lending institution provided you with this form, the lending
19 institution must also provide you with a mailing address and e-mail
20 address to which you can return this form. You should keep a copy or
21 picture of the signed form for your records.

22 COMMERCIAL OWNER/MORTGAGOR DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP

23 I am the owner, chief executive officer, president, or similar officer
24 of (name of the business), which is the OWNER/MORTGAGOR of the property
25 at (address of commercial unit). My business owns, whether directly or
26 indirectly, ten or fewer commercial units. My business is resident in
27 New York State, independently owned and operated, not dominant in its
28 field, and employs one hundred or fewer persons. My business is experi-

1 encing financial hardship, and is unable to pay the mortgage in full
2 because of one or more of the following:

3 (i) Significant loss of revenue during the COVID-19 pandemic.

4 (ii) Significant increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related
5 to providing personal protective equipment to employees or purchasing
6 and installing other protective equipment to prevent the transmission of
7 COVID-19 within the business.

8 (iii) Moving expenses and difficulty in securing an alternative
9 commercial property make it a hardship for the business to relocate to
10 another commercial property during the COVID-19 pandemic.

11 (iv) One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount
12 of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

13 To the extent that the business has lost revenue or had increased
14 expenses, any public assistance that the business has received since the
15 start of the COVID-19 pandemic must not fully make up for the loss of
16 revenue or increased expenses, and the business still meets the afore-
17 mentioned eligibility criteria to qualify for a financial hardship.

18 Signed:

19 Printed Name:

20 Date Signed:

21 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
22 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
23 you know is false."

24 3. Discrimination in credit decisions. Notwithstanding any law to the
25 contrary, lending institutions shall not discriminate in the determi-
26 nation of whether credit should be extended to any owner of commercial
27 real property as defined in subdivision one of this section because, as
28 provided for in this act, such owner has been granted a stay of mortgage

1 foreclosure proceedings, tax foreclosure proceedings or of tax lien
2 sales, or that an owner of commercial real property as defined in subdi-
3 vision one of this section is currently in arrears and has filed a hard-
4 ship declaration with such lender.

5 4. Prohibition on negative credit reporting. Notwithstanding any law
6 to the contrary, as provided for in this act, the granting of a stay of
7 mortgage foreclosure proceedings, tax foreclosure proceedings or tax
8 lien sales, or that an owner of commercial real property as defined in
9 subdivision one of this section is currently in arrears and has filed a
10 hardship declaration with their lender shall not be negatively reported
11 to any credit reporting agency.

12 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be
13 deemed repealed January 15, 2022.

14 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-
15 sion, section, subpart or part of this act shall be adjudged by any
16 court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not
17 affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be
18 confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-
19 sion, section, subpart or part thereof directly involved in the contro-
20 versy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby
21 declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have
22 been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included here-
23 in.

24 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that
25 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through D of this act shall
26 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

1 Section 1. This Part enacts into law components of legislation relat-
2 ing to residential eviction and foreclosure protections. Each compo-
3 nent is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A
4 through D. The effective date for each particular provision
5 contained within such Subpart is set forth in the last section of such
6 Subpart. Any provision in any section contained within a Subpart,
7 including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes reference to a
8 section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular
9 component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding
10 section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section three of this Part
11 sets forth the general effective date of this Part.

12

SUBPART A

13 Section 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this act: 1. "Eviction
14 proceeding" means a summary proceeding to recover possession of real
15 property under article seven of the real property actions and
16 proceedings law relating to a residential dwelling unit or any other
17 judicial or administrative proceeding to recover possession of real
18 property relating to a residential dwelling unit.

19 2. "Landlord" includes a landlord, owner of a residential property and
20 any other person with a legal right to pursue eviction, possessory
21 action or a money judgment for rent, including arrears, owed or that
22 becomes due during the COVID-19 covered period, as defined in section 1
23 of chapter 127 of the laws of 2020.

24 3. "Tenant" includes a residential tenant, lawful occupant of a dwell-
25 ing unit, or any other person responsible for paying rent, use and occu-
26 pancy, or any other financial obligation under a residential lease or

1 tenancy agreement, but does not include a residential tenant or lawful
2 occupant with a seasonal use lease where such tenant has a primary resi-
3 dence to which to return to.

4 4. "Hardship declaration" means:

5 a. a hardship declaration filed pursuant to chapter 381 of the laws of
6 2020 or chapter 104 of the laws of 2021; or

7 b. the following statement, or a substantially equivalent statement in
8 the tenant's primary language, in 14-point type, published by the office
9 of court administration, whether in physical or electronic written form:

10 "NOTICE TO TENANT: If you have lost income or had increased costs
11 during the COVID-19 pandemic, or moving would pose a significant health
12 risk for you or a member of your household due to an increased risk for
13 severe illness or death from COVID-19 due to an underlying medical
14 condition, and you sign and deliver this hardship declaration form to
15 your landlord, you may be protected from eviction until at least January
16 15, 2022 for nonpayment of rent or for holding over after the expiration
17 of your lease. If your landlord files an eviction against you and you
18 provide this form to the landlord or the court, the eviction proceedings
19 will be postponed until January 15, 2022 unless your landlord moves to
20 challenge your declaration of hardship. If the court finds your hardship
21 claim valid, the eviction proceeding will be postponed until after Janu-
22 ary 15, 2022. While the eviction proceeding is postponed, you may
23 remain in possession of your unit. You may still be evicted for violat-
24 ing your lease by intentionally causing significant damage to the prop-
25 erty or persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that substan-
26 tially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants
27 or causes a substantial safety hazard to others.

1 If your landlord has provided you with this form, your landlord must
2 also provide you with a mailing address and e-mail address to which you
3 can return this form. If your landlord has already started an eviction
4 proceeding against you, you can return this form to either your land-
5 lord, the court, or both at any time. You should keep a copy or picture
6 of the signed form for your records. You will still owe any unpaid rent
7 to your landlord. You should also keep careful track of what you have
8 paid and any amount you still owe.

9 For more information about legal resources that may be available to
10 you, go to www.nycourts.gov/evictions/nyc/ or call 718-557-1379 if you
11 live in New York City or go to www.nycourts.gov/evictions/outside-nyc/
12 or call a local bar association or legal services provider if you live
13 outside of New York City. Financial assistance may be available to you,
14 even if you have not qualified for assistance in the past. You should
15 contact your local housing assistance office or the Office of Temporary
16 and Disability Assistance (OTDA) for application information.

17 TENANT'S DECLARATION OF HARDSHIP DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

18 I am a tenant, lawful occupant, or other person responsible for paying
19 rent, use and occupancy, or any other financial obligation under a lease
20 or tenancy agreement at (address of dwelling unit).

21 YOU MUST INDICATE BELOW YOUR QUALIFICATION FOR EVICTION PROTECTION BY
22 SELECTING OPTION "A" OR "B", OR BOTH.

23 A. () I am experiencing financial hardship, and I am unable to pay my
24 rent or other financial obligations under the lease in full or obtain

1 alternative suitable permanent housing because of one or more of the
2 following:

3 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic.

4 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing
5 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-
6 ic.

7 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an
8 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic
9 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my
10 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my
11 necessary out-of-pocket expenses.

12 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing
13 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the
14 COVID-19 pandemic.

15 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-
16 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or
17 have significantly reduced my household income or significantly
18 increased my expenses.

19 To the extent that I have lost household income or had increased
20 expenses, any public assistance, including unemployment insurance,
21 pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family
22 leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic
23 does not fully make up for my loss of household income or increased
24 expenses.

25 B. () Vacating the premises and moving into new permanent housing would
26 pose a significant health risk because I or one or more members of my
27 household have an increased risk for severe illness or death from

1 COVID-19 due to being over the age of sixty-five, having a disability or
2 having an underlying medical condition, which may include but is not
3 limited to being immunocompromised.

4 I understand that I must comply with all other lawful terms under my
5 tenancy, lease agreement or similar contract. I further understand that
6 lawful fees, penalties or interest for not having paid rent in full or
7 met other financial obligations as required by my tenancy, lease agree-
8 ment or similar contract may still be charged or collected and may
9 result in a monetary judgment against me. I further understand that my
10 landlord may request a hearing to challenge the certification of hard-
11 ship made herein, and that I will have the opportunity to participate in
12 any proceedings regarding my tenancy. I further understand that my
13 landlord may be able to seek eviction after January 15, 2022, and that
14 the law may provide certain protections at that time that are separate
15 from those available through this declaration.

16 Signed:

17 Printed name:

18 Date signed:

19 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
20 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
21 you know is false."

22 5. "Hardship" means either: (a) an inability to pay rent or other
23 financial obligations due in full pursuant to a lease or rental agree-
24 ment or obtain alternative suitable permanent housing due to one or more
25 of the following reasons where public assistance, including unemployment

1 insurance, pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or
2 paid family leave, does not fully make up for the loss of household
3 income or increase expenses:

4 (i) a significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandem-
5 ic; or

6 (ii) increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to perform-
7 ance of essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19
8 pandemic; or

9 (iii) childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an
10 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic
11 have negatively affected the ability of the tenant or a household member
12 to obtain meaningful employment or earn income; or

13 (iv) increased necessary out-of-pocket expenses; or

14 (v) moving expenses and related difficulty in securing alternative
15 housing make it a hardship to relocate to another residence during
16 the COVID-19 pandemic; or

17 (vi) other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have signif-
18 icantly reduced household income or significantly increased
19 expenses; or

20 (b) an inability to vacate the premises and move into new permanent
21 housing because doing so would pose a significant risk of severe illness
22 or death from COVID-19 that a tenant or household member would face due
23 to being over the age of sixty-five, having a disability or having an
24 underlying medical condition, which may include but is not limited to
25 being immunocompromised.

26 § 2. Pre-eviction notices. A landlord shall include a "Hardship Decla-
27 ration" in 14-point type, with every written demand for rent made pursu-
28 ant to subdivision 2 of section 711 of the real property actions and

1 proceedings law, with any other written notice required by the lease or
2 tenancy agreement, law or rule to be provided prior to the commencement
3 of an eviction proceeding, and with every notice of petition served on a
4 tenant. Such notice shall also include:

5 1. a mailing address, telephone number and active email address the
6 tenant can use to contact the landlord and return the hardship declara-
7 tion; and

8 2. a list of all not-for-profit legal service providers actively
9 handling housing matters in the county where the subject premises are
10 located. Such lists shall be prepared and regularly updated, to the
11 extent practicable, for such purpose and published on the website of the
12 office of court administration.

13 § 3. Required affidavit. 1. No court shall accept for filing any peti-
14 tion or other filing to commence an eviction proceeding unless the peti-
15 tioner or an agent of the petitioner files an affidavit of service,
16 under penalty of perjury, demonstrating the manner in which the peti-
17 tioner or the petitioner's agent served a copy of the hardship declara-
18 tion in English and the tenant's primary language, if other than
19 English, with any rent demand and with any other written notice required
20 by the lease or tenancy agreement, law or rule to be provided prior to
21 the commencement of an eviction proceeding, and an affidavit under
22 penalty of perjury:

23 a. attesting that, at the time of filing, neither the petitioner nor
24 any agent of the petitioner has received a hardship declaration from the
25 respondent or any other tenant or occupant of the dwelling unit that is
26 the subject of the proceeding, or

27 b. attesting that the respondent or another tenant or occupant of the
28 dwelling unit that is the subject of the proceeding has returned a hard-

1 ship declaration, but the respondent is intentionally causing signif-
2 icant damage to the property or persistently and unreasonably engaging
3 in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of
4 other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to
5 others, with a specific description of the behavior alleged, or

6 c. attesting that the respondent or another tenant or occupant of the
7 dwelling unit that is the subject of the proceeding has returned a hard-
8 ship declaration, but the petitioner believes in good faith that the
9 hardship certified in the hardship declaration does not exist.

10 2. Upon accepting a petition pursuant to article 7 of the real proper-
11 ty actions and proceedings law, the attorney, judge or clerk of the
12 court, as the case may be, shall determine whether a copy of the hard-
13 ship declaration in English and the tenant's primary language, if other
14 than English, and a copy of any affidavit filed pursuant to subdivision
15 one of this section is annexed to the served notice of petition and, if
16 not, shall ensure that a copy of the hardship declaration and any such
17 affidavit is attached to such notice. If the petitioner submits an
18 affidavit pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision 1 of this section, the
19 following notice in at least fourteen-point type shall also be annexed
20 as a cover page to the notice of petition:

21 "NOTICE TO TENANT: THIS IS A PETITION TO COMMENCE AN EVICTION PROCEED-
22 ING AGAINST YOU, BUT THE PROCEEDING WILL NOT CONTINUE UNTIL AT LEAST
23 JANUARY 15, 2022, UNLESS YOUR LANDLORD MOVES TO CHALLENGE YOUR CLAIM OF
24 AN EXEMPTION FROM EVICTION IN YOUR HARDSHIP DECLARATION FORM.

25 IF YOUR LANDLORD MOVES TO CHALLENGE YOUR HARDSHIP CLAIM, YOU ARE ENTI-
26 TLED TO A HEARING. IF THE COURT RULES YOUR HARDSHIP CLAIM INVALID AFTER
27 THE HEARING, THE LAWSUIT MAY PROCEED TOWARD POSSIBLE EVICTION, BUT

1 UNLESS AND UNTIL THE COURT ISSUES AN EVICTION WARRANT AGAINST YOU, YOU
2 MAY NOT BE EVICTED."

3 Service of the notice of petition with the attached copies of the
4 hardship declaration and affidavits shall be made by personal delivery
5 to the respondent, unless such service cannot be made with due dili-
6 gence, in which case service may be made under section 735 of the real
7 property actions and proceedings law. At the earliest possible opportu-
8 nity, the court shall seek confirmation on the record or in writing from
9 the respondent that the respondent has received the hardship declaration
10 and whether the respondent has submitted a hardship declaration to the
11 petitioner, an agent of the petitioner, or the court. If the court
12 determines a respondent has not received a hardship declaration, then
13 the court shall stay the proceeding for a reasonable period of time,
14 which shall be no less than ten business days or any longer period
15 provided by law, and provide the respondent with a copy of the hardship
16 declaration in English and the respondent's primary language, if other
17 than English, to ensure the respondent received and fully considered
18 whether to submit the hardship declaration. The court shall also advise
19 the petitioner and respondent substantially as follows: "Financial
20 assistance may be available to landlords and tenants, even if they have
21 not qualified for assistance in the past. You should contact your local
22 housing assistance office or the Office of Temporary and Disability
23 Assistance for application information." If the court is a court of
24 record, such advisory shall be given on the record.

25 § 4. Pending proceedings. In any eviction proceeding in which an
26 eviction warrant has not been issued, including eviction proceedings
27 filed on or before March 7, 2020, if the respondent provides a hardship
28 declaration to the petitioner, the court, or an agent of the petitioner

1 or the court, the eviction proceeding shall be stayed until at least
2 January 15, 2022. If such hardship declaration is provided to the peti-
3 tioner or agent, such petitioner or agent shall promptly file it with
4 the court, advising the court in writing the index number of all rele-
5 vant cases.

6 § 5. Default judgments. No court shall issue a judgment in any
7 proceeding authorizing a warrant of eviction against a respondent who
8 has defaulted, or authorize the enforcement of an eviction pursuant to a
9 default judgment, prior to January 15, 2022, without first holding a
10 hearing after the effective date of this act, upon motion of the peti-
11 tioner. The petitioner or an agent of the petitioner shall file an affi-
12 davit attesting that the petitioner or the petitioner's agent has served
13 notice of the date, time, and place of such hearing on the respondent,
14 including a copy of such notice. If a default judgment has been awarded
15 at any time prior to the effective date of chapter 381 of the laws of
16 2020, including in eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7,
17 2020, or between August 13, 2021 and the effective date of this act, the
18 default judgment shall be vacated, regardless of any court proceedings
19 that occurred subsequent to entry of the default judgment and the matter
20 restored to the court calendar upon the respondent's written or oral
21 request to the court either before or during such hearing and an order
22 to show cause to vacate the default judgment shall not be required.

23 § 6. Post warrant of eviction. a. (i) In any eviction proceeding in
24 which an eviction warrant has been issued prior to the effective date of
25 this act, but has not yet been executed as of the effective date of this
26 act, including eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020,
27 the court shall stay the execution of the warrant at least until the
28 court has held a status conference with the parties. (ii) In any

1 eviction proceeding, if the respondent provides a hardship declaration
2 to the petitioner, the court, or an agent of the petitioner or the
3 court, prior to the execution of the warrant, the execution shall be
4 stayed until at least January 15, 2022. If such hardship declaration is
5 provided to the petitioner or agent of the petitioner, such petitioner
6 or agent shall promptly file it with the court, advising the court in
7 writing the index number of all relevant cases.

8 b. In any eviction proceeding in which a warrant has been issued,
9 including eviction proceedings filed on or before March 7, 2020, any
10 warrant issued shall not be effective as against the occupants, unless,
11 in addition to the requirements under section 749 of the real property
12 actions and proceedings law for warrants, such warrant states:

13 (i) The tenant has not submitted the hardship declaration and the
14 tenant was properly served with a copy of the hardship declaration
15 pursuant to this section, listing dates the tenant was served with the
16 hardship declaration by the petitioner and the court; or

17 (ii) The tenant is ineligible for a stay under this act because the
18 court has found the respondent's hardship claim invalid, or the respond-
19 ent intentionally caused significant damage to the property, or the
20 respondent is persistently and unreasonably engaging in behavior that
21 substantially infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or
22 occupants or causes a substantial safety hazard to others, with a
23 specific description of the behavior.

24 c. No court shall issue a warrant directed to the sheriff of the coun-
25 ty or to any constable or marshal of the city in which the property, or
26 a portion thereof, is situated, or, if it is not situated in a city, to
27 any constable of any town in the county, that does not comply with the
28 requirements of this section.

1 d. No officer to whom the warrant is directed shall execute a warrant
2 for eviction issued that does not comply with the requirements of this
3 section.

4 e. Unless the warrant contains the information contained in paragraph
5 (ii) of subdivision b of this section, if any tenant delivers the hard-
6 ship declaration to the officer to whom the warrant is directed, the
7 officer shall not execute the warrant and shall return the hardship form
8 to the court indicating the appropriate index/case number the form is
9 associated with.

10 § 7. Section four and paragraph (ii) of subdivision a of section six
11 of this act shall not apply if the tenant: (i) intentionally caused
12 significant damage to the property; or (ii) is persistently and unrea-
13 sonably engaging in behavior that substantially infringes on the use and
14 enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial safety
15 hazard to others, provided:

16 1. If an eviction proceeding is pending on the effective date of this
17 act, but the petitioner has not previously alleged that the tenant
18 intentionally caused significant damage to the property or persistently
19 and unreasonably engaged in such behavior, the petitioner shall be
20 required to submit a new petition with such allegations and comply with
21 all notice and service requirements under article 7 of the real property
22 actions and proceedings law and this act.

23 2. a. If the court has awarded a judgment against a respondent prior
24 to the effective date of this act on the basis of objectionable or
25 nuisance behavior and the petitioner is alleging the tenant caused
26 significant damage to the property, the court shall hold a hearing to
27 determine whether the tenant is continuing to intentionally cause
28 significant damage to the property.

1 b. If the court has awarded a judgment against a respondent prior to
2 the effective date of chapter 381 of the laws of 2020 or between August
3 13, 2021 and the effective date of this act on the basis of objectiona-
4 ble or nuisance behavior and the petitioner is alleging the tenant is
5 persistently engaging in unreasonable behavior that substantially
6 infringes on the use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or
7 causes a substantial safety hazard to others, the court shall hold a
8 hearing to determine whether the tenant is continuing to persist in
9 engaging in unreasonable behavior that substantially infringes on the
10 use and enjoyment of other tenants or occupants or causes a substantial
11 safety hazard to others.

12 3. For the purposes of this act, a mere allegation of the behavior by
13 the petitioner or an agent of the petitioner alleging such behavior
14 shall not be sufficient evidence to establish that the tenant has
15 engaged in such behavior.

16 4. If the petitioner establishes that the tenant intentionally caused
17 significant damage to the property or persistently and unreasonably
18 engaged in such behavior or the tenant fails to provide a hardship
19 declaration to the petitioner, petitioner's agent or the court, the
20 proceeding may continue pursuant to article 7 of the real property
21 actions and proceedings law and this act.

22 § 8. Translation of hardship declaration. The office of court adminis-
23 tration shall translate the hardship declaration, as defined in section
24 one of this act, into Spanish and the six most common languages in the
25 city of New York, after Spanish, and shall post and maintain such trans-
26 lations and an English language copy of the hardship declaration on the
27 website of such office beginning within fifteen days of the effective
28 date of this act. To the extent practicable, the office of court admin-

1 istration shall post and maintain on its website translations into such
2 additional languages as the chief administrative judge shall deem appro-
3 priate to ensure that tenants have an opportunity to understand and
4 submit hardship declarations pursuant to this act.

5 § 9. Rebuttable presumption. Unless a court determines a tenant's
6 hardship claim invalid pursuant to section ten of this act, a hardship
7 declaration in which the tenant has selected the option indicating a
8 financial hardship shall create a rebuttable presumption that the tenant
9 is experiencing financial hardship, in any judicial or administrative
10 proceeding that may be brought, for the purposes of establishing a
11 defense under chapter 127 of the laws of 2020, an executive order of the
12 governor or any other local or state law, order or regulation restrict-
13 ing the eviction of a tenant suffering from a financial hardship during
14 or due to COVID-19 provided that the absence of a hardship declaration
15 shall not create a presumption that a financial hardship is not present.

16 § 10. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a stay
17 under this act shall be granted or continued unless the court finds the
18 respondent's hardship claim invalid. A motion may be made by the peti-
19 tioner, attesting a good faith belief that the respondent has not expe-
20 rienced a hardship, with notice to the respondent, and the court shall
21 grant a hearing to determine whether to find the respondent's hardship
22 claim invalid.

23 (b) After any hearing, if the court finds the hardship claim valid,
24 the court shall grant a stay or continue a stay pursuant to this act,
25 provided that the court shall direct, if the respondent appears to be
26 eligible and has not yet applied, that the parties apply to the COVID-19
27 emergency rental assistance program of 2021, created by subpart A of
28 part BB of chapter 56 of the laws of 2021, or a locally administered

1 program to administer federal emergency rental assistance funding issued
2 pursuant to section 501 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021,
3 Pub. L. 116-260 § 501, or section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act
4 of 2021, Pub. L. 117-2 § 3201, so long as such program or programs are
5 accepting applications.

6 (c) After a hearing, if the court finds the respondent's hardship
7 claim invalid, the proceedings shall continue to a determination on the
8 merits.

9 § 11. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one, two,
10 three, four, five, six, seven, eight and ten of this act shall expire
11 January 15, 2022.

12 SUBPART B

13 Section 1. Application. This section shall apply to any action to
14 foreclose a mortgage relating to residential real property, provided the
15 owner or mortgagor of such property is a natural person, regardless of
16 how title is held, and owns ten or fewer dwelling units whether directly
17 or indirectly. The ten or fewer dwelling units may be in more than one
18 property or building as long as the total aggregate number of ten units
19 includes the primary residence of the natural person requesting such
20 relief and the remaining units are currently occupied by a tenant or are
21 available for rent.

22 (a) For purposes of this act, real property shall include shares
23 assigned to a unit in a residential cooperative.

24 (b) For purposes of this act, real property shall not include property
25 that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision 2 of section
26 1309 of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed

1 on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as
2 defined in section 1310 of the real property actions and proceedings
3 law, prior to March 7, 2020 and that remains on such registry.

4 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, this act shall not apply to,
5 and does not affect any mortgage loans made, insured, purchased or secu-
6 ritized by a corporate governmental agency of the state constituted as a
7 political subdivision and public benefit corporation, or the rights and
8 obligations of any lender, issuer, servicer or trustee of such obli-
9 gations.

10 § 2. Definitions. 1. For the purposes of this act, "Hardship Declara-
11 tion" means:

12 a. a hardship declaration filed pursuant to chapter 381 of the laws of
13 2020 or chapter 104 of the laws of 2021; or

14 b. the following statement, or a substantially equivalent statement in
15 the mortgagor's primary language, in 14-point type, published by the
16 office of court administration, whether in physical or electronic writ-
17 ten form:

18 "NOTICE TO MORTGAGOR: If you have lost income or had increased costs
19 during the COVID-19 pandemic, and you sign and deliver this hardship
20 declaration form to your mortgage lender or other foreclosing party, you
21 may be protected from foreclosure until at least January 15, 2022. If a
22 foreclosure action is filed against you and you provide this form to the
23 plaintiff or the court, the action will be postponed until January 15,
24 2022 unless the plaintiff moves to challenge your declaration of hard-
25 ship. If the court finds your hardship claim valid, the foreclosure
26 action will be postponed until after January 15, 2022. While the action
27 is postponed, you may remain in possession.

1 If your mortgage lender or other foreclosing party provided you with
2 this form, the mortgage lender or other foreclosing party must also
3 provide you with a mailing address and e-mail address to which you can
4 return this form. If you are already in foreclosure proceedings, you may
5 return this form to the court. You should keep a copy or picture of the
6 signed form for your records. You will still owe any unpaid mortgage
7 payments and lawful fees to your lender. You should also keep careful
8 track of what you have paid and any amount you still owe. Financial
9 assistance may be available to you, even if you have previously been
10 denied. You should contact your local housing assistance office for
11 application information.

12 MORTGAGOR'S DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP

13 I am the mortgagor of the property at (address of dwelling unit).
14 Including my primary residence, I own, whether directly or indirectly,
15 ten or fewer residential dwelling units. I am experiencing financial
16 hardship, and I am unable to pay my mortgage in full because of one or
17 more of the following:

- 18 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 19 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing
20 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-
21 ic.
- 22 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an
23 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic
24 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my
25 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my
26 necessary out-of-pocket expenses.

1 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing
2 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the
3 COVID-19 pandemic.

4 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-
5 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or
6 have significantly reduced my household income or significantly
7 increased my expenses.

8 6. One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount of
9 their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

10 To the extent I have lost household income or had increased expenses,
11 any public assistance, including unemployment insurance, pandemic unem-
12 ployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family leave, that I
13 have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic does not fully
14 make up for my loss of household income or increased expenses.

15 I understand that I must comply with all other lawful terms under my
16 mortgage agreement. I further understand that lawful fees, penalties or
17 interest for not having paid my mortgage in full as required by my mort-
18 gage agreement may still be charged or collected and may result in a
19 monetary judgment against me. I further understand that my mortgage
20 lender, or other foreclosing party may request a hearing to challenge
21 the certification of hardship made herein, and that I will have the
22 opportunity to participate in any actions or proceedings regarding my
23 mortgage interest. I also understand that my mortgage lender or other
24 foreclosing party may pursue a foreclosure action against me on or after
25 January 15, 2022, if I do not fully repay any missed or partial payments
26 and lawful fees.

27 Signed:

28 Printed Name:

1 Date Signed:

2 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
3 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
4 you know is false."

5 2. "Hardship" means a mortgagor is unable to pay their mortgage in
6 full because of one or more of the following reasons and any public
7 assistance, including unemployment insurance, pandemic unemployment
8 assistance, disability insurance, or paid family leave, that the mortga-
9 gor or borrower has received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic
10 does not fully make up for their loss of household income or increased
11 expenses:

12 (i) Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic;
13 or

14 (ii) Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to perform-
15 ing essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19
16 pandemic; or

17 (iii) Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for
18 an elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19
19 pandemic negatively affected the mortgagor's ability or the ability of
20 someone in their household to obtain meaningful employment or earn
21 income or increased their necessary out-of-pocket expenses; or

22 (iv) Moving expenses and difficulty the mortgagor has securing alter-
23 native housing make it a hardship for the mortgagor to relocate to
24 another residence during the COVID-19 pandemic; or

25 (v) Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have nega-
26 tively affected the mortgagor's ability to obtain meaningful employment
27 or earn income or have significantly reduced the mortgagor's

1 household income or significantly increased the mortgagor's expenses;
2 or

3 (vi) One or more of the mortgagor's tenants has defaulted on a signif-
4 icant amount of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

5 § 3. The foreclosing party shall include a "Hardship Declaration" in
6 14-point type, with every notice provided to a mortgagor pursuant to
7 sections 1303 and 1304 of the real property actions and proceedings law.
8 Such notice shall also include a mailing address, telephone number and
9 active email address the mortgagor can use to contact the foreclosing
10 party and return the hardship declaration.

11 § 4. No court shall accept for filing any action to foreclose a mort-
12 gage unless the foreclosing party or an agent of the foreclosing party
13 files an affidavit, under penalty of perjury:

14 (i) of service demonstrating the manner in which the foreclosing
15 party's agent served a copy of the hardship declaration in English and
16 the mortgagor's primary language, if other than English, with the
17 notice, if any, provided to the mortgagor pursuant to sections 1303 and
18 1304 of the real property actions and proceedings law, and

19 (ii) a. attesting that at the time of filing, neither the foreclosing
20 party nor any agent of the foreclosing party has received a hardship
21 declaration from the mortgagor; or

22 b. attesting that at the time of filing, the foreclosing party or an
23 agent of the foreclosing party has received a hardship declaration from
24 the mortgagor, but the foreclosing party believes in good faith that the
25 hardship certified in the hardship declaration does not exist.

26 At the earliest possible opportunity, the court shall seek confirma-
27 tion on the record or in writing that the mortgagor has received a copy
28 of the hardship declaration and whether the mortgagor has returned the

1 hardship declaration to the foreclosing party or an agent of the fore-
2 closing party. If the court determines a mortgagor has not received a
3 hardship declaration, then the court shall stay the proceeding for a
4 reasonable period of time, which shall be no less than ten business days
5 or any longer period provided by law, to ensure the mortgagor received
6 and fully considered whether to submit the hardship declaration.

7 § 5. In any action to foreclose a mortgage in which a judgment of sale
8 has not been issued, including actions filed on or before March 7, 2020,
9 if the mortgagor provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing
10 party, the court, or an agent of the foreclosing party or the court, the
11 proceeding shall be stayed until at least January 15, 2022. If such
12 hardship declaration is provided to the foreclosing party or agent of
13 the foreclosing party, such foreclosing party or agent shall promptly
14 file it with the court, advising the court in writing the index number
15 of all relevant cases.

16 § 6. In any action to foreclose a mortgage in which a judgment of sale
17 has been issued prior to the effective date of this act but has not yet
18 been executed as of the effective date of this act, including actions
19 filed on or before March 7, 2020, the court shall stay the execution of
20 the judgment at least until the court has held a status conference with
21 the parties. In any action to foreclose a mortgage, if the mortgagor
22 provides a hardship declaration to the foreclosing party, the court, or
23 an agent of the foreclosing party or the court, prior to the execution
24 of the judgment, the execution shall be stayed until at least January
25 15, 2022. If such hardship declaration is provided to the foreclosing
26 party or agent of the foreclosing party, such foreclosing party or agent
27 shall promptly file it with the court, advising the court in writing the
28 index number of all relevant cases.

1 § 7. The office of court administration shall translate the hardship
2 declaration, as defined in section one of this act, into Spanish and the
3 six most common languages in the city of New York, after Spanish, and
4 shall post and maintain such translations and an English language copy
5 of the hardship declaration on the website of such office beginning
6 within fifteen days of the effective date of this act.

7 § 8. Unless a court determines a mortgagor's hardship claim invalid
8 pursuant to section nine of this act, a hardship declaration shall
9 create a rebuttable presumption that the mortgagor is suffering finan-
10 cial hardship, in any judicial or administrative proceeding that may be
11 brought, for the purposes of establishing a defense under an executive
12 order of the governor or any other local or state law, order or regu-
13 lation restricting actions to foreclose a mortgage against a mortgagor
14 suffering from a financial hardship during or due to the COVID-19
15 pandemic provided that the absence of a hardship declaration shall not
16 create a presumption that a financial hardship is not present.

17 § 9. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a stay under
18 this part shall be granted or continued unless the court finds the
19 defendant's hardship claim invalid. A motion may be made by the fore-
20 closing party, attesting a good faith belief that the defendant has not
21 experienced a hardship, with notice to the defendant, and the court
22 shall grant a hearing to determine whether to find the defendant's hard-
23 ship claim invalid.

24 (b) After any hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship
25 claim valid, the court shall grant a stay or continue a stay pursuant to
26 this act.

27 (c) After a hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship claim
28 invalid, the action shall continue to a determination on the merits.

1 § 10. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one, two,
2 three, four, five, six, seven and nine of this act shall expire January
3 15, 2022.

4 SUBPART C

5 Section 1. Application. This act shall apply to any action to fore-
6 close on delinquent taxes or sell a tax lien relating to residential
7 real property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property is a
8 natural person, regardless of how title is held, and owns ten or fewer
9 dwelling units whether directly or indirectly. The ten or fewer dwelling
10 units may be in more than one property or building as long as the total
11 aggregate number of ten units includes the primary residence of the
12 natural person requesting such relief and the remaining units are
13 currently occupied by a tenant or are available for rent.

14 (a) For purposes of this act, real property shall include shares in a
15 residential cooperative.

16 (b) For purposes of this act, real property shall not include property
17 that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision 2 of section
18 1309 of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed
19 on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as
20 defined in section 1310 of the real property actions and proceedings
21 law, prior to March 7, 2020 and that remains on such registry.

22 § 2. Definitions. For purposes of this act: 1. "Tax lien" means an
23 unpaid tax, special ad valorem levy, special assessment or other charge
24 imposed upon real property by or on behalf of a municipal corporation or
25 special district or other public or private entity which is an encum-

1 brance on real property, whether or not evidenced by a written instru-
2 ment.

3 2. "Tax foreclosure and tax lien sale" shall mean any such tax lien
4 sale or tax foreclosure pursuant to article 11 of the real property tax
5 law, or any general, special or local law related to real property tax
6 lien sales or real property tax foreclosures.

7 3. "Hardship Declaration" means: a. a hardship declaration filed
8 pursuant to chapter 381 of the laws of 2020 or chapter 104 of the laws
9 of 2021; or

10 b. the following statement, or a substantially equivalent statement in
11 the owner's primary language, in 14-point type, whether in physical or
12 electronic written form:

13 "OWNER DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP

14 I am the owner of the property at (address). Including my primary
15 residence, I own, whether directly or indirectly, ten or fewer residen-
16 tial dwelling units. I am experiencing financial hardship, and I am
17 unable to pay my full tax bill because of one or more of the following:

18 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic.

19 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing
20 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-
21 ic.

22 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an
23 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic
24 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my
25 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my
26 necessary out-of-pocket expenses.

1 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing
2 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the
3 COVID-19 pandemic.

4 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-
5 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or
6 have significantly reduced my household income or significantly
7 increased my expenses.

8 6. One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount of
9 their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

10 To the extent that I have lost household income or had increased
11 expenses, any public assistance, including unemployment insurance,
12 pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family
13 leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic
14 does not fully make up for my loss of household income or increased
15 expenses.

16 I understand that lawful fees, penalties or interest for not having
17 paid my taxes in full may still be charged or collected and may result
18 in a foreclosure action against me on or after January 15, 2022, if I do
19 not fully repay any missed or partial payments and fees.

20 Signed:

21 Printed Name:

22 Date Signed:

23 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
24 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
25 you know is false."

26 4. "Hardship" means an owner is unable to pay their full tax bill
27 because of one or more of the following reasons and any public assist-
28 ance, including unemployment insurance, pandemic unemployment assist-

1 ance, disability insurance, or paid family leave, that the owner has
2 received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic does not fully make up
3 for their loss of household income or increased expenses:

4 (i) Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic;
5 or

6 (ii) Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to perform-
7 ing essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19
8 pandemic; or

9 (iii) Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for
10 an elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19
11 pandemic negatively affected the owner's ability or the ability of
12 someone in their household to obtain meaningful employment or earn
13 income or increased their necessary out-of-pocket expenses; or

14 (iv) Moving expenses and difficulty the owner has securing alternative
15 housing make it a hardship for the owner to relocate to another resi-
16 dence during the COVID-19 pandemic; or

17 (v) Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have nega-
18 tively affected the owner's ability to obtain meaningful employment or
19 earn income or have significantly reduced the owner's household
20 income or significantly increased the owner's expenses; or

21 (vi) One or more of the owner's tenants has defaulted on a significant
22 amount of their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

23 § 3. 1. A real property owner may submit a "Hardship Declaration" to
24 any village, town, city, school district, county, or other entity or
25 person which conducts tax foreclosures or tax lien sales.

26 2. At least thirty days prior to the date on which a sale of a tax
27 lien is scheduled to occur, or upon the filing of a petition of foreclo-
28 sure of a tax lien, the enforcing officer or other person or entity

1 conducting such tax lien sale or tax foreclosure shall notify the owner
2 of the affected property of such owner's rights under this act and shall
3 notify the owner that a copy of the hardship declaration can be accessed
4 on the New York State Department of Tax and Finance's website and also
5 provide a link to such declaration form. For the purposes of this act,
6 "enforcing officer" shall have the same meaning as defined in subdivi-
7 sion 3 of section 1102 of the real property tax law. The New York State
8 Department of Tax and Finance shall publish a copy of the hardship
9 declaration on its website.

10 3. The submission of such a declaration, unless withdrawn by the
11 owner, shall act as a temporary stay applicable to all entities and
12 persons of all such tax lien sales and tax foreclosure actions and
13 proceedings against such owner for such property that have been
14 commenced or could have been commenced before January 15, 2022.

15 4. While such stay is in effect, no other action or proceeding shall
16 be commenced to recover any part of such delinquent taxes.

17 5. Any applicable statutes of limitation for the commencement of any
18 action or proceeding to sell a tax lien or foreclose a tax lien is
19 tolled until such stay has expired. The obligation to pay the balance of
20 such delinquent taxes is not rendered invalid, released or extinguished
21 by such stay.

22 6. Unless a court determines an owner's claim of hardship invalid
23 pursuant to subdivision 7 of this section, a hardship declaration shall
24 create a rebuttable presumption that the owner is experiencing financial
25 hardship, in any judicial or administrative proceeding that may be
26 brought, for the purposes of establishing a defense under an executive
27 order of the governor or any other local or state law, order or regu-
28 lation restricting actions to sell a tax lien or foreclose a tax lien

1 against an owner suffering from a financial hardship during or due to
2 the COVID-19 pandemic, provided that the absence of a hardship decla-
3 ration shall not create a presumption that a financial hardship is not
4 present.

5 7. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a stay under
6 this part shall be granted or continued unless the court finds the
7 defendant's hardship claim invalid. A motion may be made by the fore-
8 closing party, if such party is not a governmental entity, attesting a
9 good faith belief that the defendant has not experienced a hardship,
10 with notice to the defendant, and the court shall grant a hearing to
11 determine whether to find the defendant's hardship claim invalid.

12 (b) After any hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship
13 claim valid, the court shall grant a stay or continue a stay pursuant to
14 this act.

15 (c) After a hearing, if the court finds the defendant's hardship claim
16 invalid, the proceedings shall continue to a determination on the
17 merits.

18 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and sections one and two
19 and subdivisions one, two, three, four, five and seven of section three
20 shall expire January 15, 2022.

21

SUBPART D

22 Section 1. Application. 1. This act shall apply to an owner of resi-
23 dential real property, provided the owner or mortgagor of such property
24 is a natural person, regardless of how title is held, and owns ten or
25 fewer dwelling units whether directly or indirectly. The ten or fewer
26 dwelling units may be in more than one property or building as long as

1 the total aggregate number of ten units includes the primary residence
2 of the natural person requesting such relief and the remaining units are
3 currently occupied by a tenant or are available for rent.

4 (a) For purposes of this act, real property shall include shares in a
5 residential cooperative.

6 (b) For purposes of this act, real property shall not include property
7 that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision 2 of section
8 1309 of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed
9 on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as
10 defined in section 1310 of the real property actions and proceedings
11 law, prior to March 7, 2020 and that remains on such registry.

12 2. Hardship declaration. For purposes of this act, "hardship declara-
13 tion" shall mean: a. a hardship declaration filed pursuant to chapter
14 381 of the laws of 2020 or chapter 104 of the laws of 2021; or

15 b. the following statement, or a substantially equivalent statement in
16 the owner or mortgagor's primary language, in 14-point type, whether in
17 physical or electronic written form, and the department of financial
18 services shall publish a copy of the hardship declaration on its
19 website:

20 "NOTICE TO OWNER/MORTGAGOR: If you have lost income or had increased
21 costs due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and you sign and deliver this hard-
22 ship declaration form to your lending institution, you cannot be
23 discriminated against in the determination of whether credit should be
24 extended or reported negatively to a credit reporting agency until at
25 least January 15, 2022.

26 If a lending institution provided you with this form, the lending
27 institution must also provide you with a mailing address and e-mail

1 address to which you can return this form. You should keep a copy or
2 picture of the signed form for your records.

3 OWNER/MORTGAGOR DECLARATION OF COVID-19-RELATED HARDSHIP

4 I am the OWNER/MORTGAGOR of the property at (address of dwelling
5 unit). Including my primary residence, I own, whether directly or indi-
6 rectly, ten or fewer residential dwelling units. I am experiencing
7 financial hardship, and I am unable to pay my mortgage in full because
8 of one or more of the following:

- 9 1. Significant loss of household income during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 10 2. Increase in necessary out-of-pocket expenses related to performing
11 essential work or related to health impacts during the COVID-19 pandem-
12 ic.
- 13 3. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an
14 elderly, disabled, or sick family member during the COVID-19 pandemic
15 have negatively affected my ability or the ability of someone in my
16 household to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or increased my
17 necessary out-of-pocket expenses.
- 18 4. Moving expenses and difficulty I have securing alternative housing
19 make it a hardship for me to relocate to another residence during the
20 COVID-19 pandemic.
- 21 5. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic have negative-
22 ly affected my ability to obtain meaningful employment or earn income or
23 have significantly reduced my household income or significantly
24 increased my expenses.
- 25 6. One or more of my tenants has defaulted on a significant amount of
26 their rent payments since March 1, 2020.

27 To the extent that I have lost household income or had increased
28 expenses, any public assistance, including unemployment insurance,

1 pandemic unemployment assistance, disability insurance, or paid family
2 leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic
3 does not fully make up for my loss of household income or increased
4 expenses.

5 Signed:

6 Printed Name:

7 Date Signed:

8 NOTICE: You are signing and submitting this form under penalty of law.
9 That means it is against the law to make a statement on this form that
10 you know is false."

11 3. Discrimination in credit decisions. Notwithstanding any law to the
12 contrary, lending institutions shall not discriminate in the determi-
13 nation of whether credit should be extended to any owner of residential
14 real property as defined in subdivision one of this section because, as
15 provided for in this act, such owner has been granted a stay of mortgage
16 foreclosure proceedings, tax foreclosure proceedings or of tax lien
17 sales, or that an owner of residential real property as defined in
18 subdivision one of this section is currently in arrears and has filed a
19 hardship declaration with such lender.

20 4. Prohibition on negative credit reporting. Notwithstanding any law
21 to the contrary, as provided for in this act, the granting of a stay of
22 mortgage foreclosure proceedings, tax foreclosure proceedings or tax
23 lien sales, or that an owner of residential real property as defined in
24 subdivision one of this section is currently in arrears and has filed a
25 hardship declaration with their lender shall not be negatively reported
26 to any credit reporting agency.

27 § 2. This act take effect immediately and shall expire January 15,
28 2022.

1 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-
2 sion, section, subpart or part of this act shall be adjudged by any
3 court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not
4 affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be
5 confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-
6 sion, section, subpart or part thereof directly involved in the contro-
7 versy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby
8 declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have
9 been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included here-
10 in.

11 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that
12 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through D of this act shall
13 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

14 PART D

15 Section 1. Section 1 of chapter 127 of the laws of 2020, relating to
16 prohibiting the eviction of residential tenants who have suffered finan-
17 cial hardship during the COVID-19 covered period, is amended to read as
18 follows:

19 Section 1. For the purposes of this act, "COVID-19 covered period"
20 means March 7, 2020 until [the date on which none of the provisions that
21 closed or otherwise restricted public or private businesses or places of
22 public accommodation, or required postponement or cancellation of all
23 non-essential gatherings of individuals of any size for any reason in
24 Executive Orders 202.3, 202.4, 202.5, 202.6, 202.7, 202.8, 202.10,
25 202.11, 202.13 or 202.14, as extended by Executive Orders 202.28 and
26 202.31 and as further extended by any future Executive Order, issued in

1 response to the COVID-19 pandemic continue to apply in the county of the
2 tenant's or lawful occupant's residence] January 15, 2022.

3 § 2. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 2 of chapter 127 of the
4 laws of 2020, relating to prohibiting the eviction of residential
5 tenants who have suffered financial hardship during the COVID-19 covered
6 period, is amended to read as follows:

7 (b) In determining whether a tenant or lawful occupant suffered a
8 financial hardship during the COVID-19 covered period, the court shall
9 consider, among other relevant factors:

10 (i) the tenant's or lawful occupant's income prior to the COVID-19
11 covered period;

12 (ii) the tenant's or lawful occupant's income during the COVID-19
13 covered period;

14 (iii) the tenant's or lawful occupant's liquid assets; and

15 (iv) the tenant's or lawful occupant's eligibility for and receipt of
16 cash assistance, supplemental nutrition assistance program, supplemental
17 security income, the New York State disability program, the home energy
18 assistance program, [or] unemployment insurance or benefits under state
19 or federal law, or the emergency rental assistance program.

20 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to
21 have been in full force and effect on and after March 7, 2020.

22

PART E

23 Section 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of article 7 of the public
24 officers law to the contrary, any state agency, department, corporation,
25 office, authority, board, or commission, as well as any local public
26 body, or public corporation as defined in section 66 of the general

1 construction law, or political subdivisions as defined in section 100 of
2 the general municipal law, or a committee or subcommittee or other simi-
3 lar body of such entity, shall be authorized to meet and take such
4 action authorized by law without permitting in public in-person access
5 to meetings and authorize such meetings to be held remotely by confer-
6 ence call or similar service, provided that the public has the ability
7 to view or listen to such proceeding and that such meetings are recorded
8 and later transcribed. "Local public body" shall mean any entity for
9 which a quorum is required in order to conduct public business and which
10 consists of two or more members, performing a governmental function for
11 an entity limited in the execution of its official functions to a
12 portion only of the state, or a political subdivision of the state, or
13 for an agency or department thereof.

14 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be
15 deemed repealed January 15, 2022.

16 § 3. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-
17 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of
18 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect,
19 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in
20 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section
21 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-
22 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of
23 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such
24 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

25 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that
26 the applicable effective date of Parts A through E of this act shall be
27 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.